MDR Tracking Number: M5-04-0559-01

Under the provisions of Section 413.031 of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, Title 5, Subtitle A of the Texas Labor Code, effective June 17, 2001 and Commission Rule 133.305 titled Medical Dispute Resolution - General and 133.308 titled Medical Dispute Resolution by Independent Review Organizations, the Medical Review Division (Division) assigned an IRO to conduct a review of the disputed medical necessity issues between the requestor and the respondent. The dispute was received on October 23, 2003.

The Medical Review Division has reviewed the IRO decision and determined that **the requestor prevailed** on the issues of medical necessity. Therefore, upon receipt of this Order and in accordance with §133.308(r)(9), the Commission hereby orders the respondent and non-prevailing party to **refund the requestor \$650.00** for the paid IRO fee. For the purposes of determining compliance with the order, the Commission will add 20 days to the date the order was deemed received as outlined on page one of this order.

In accordance with §413.031(e), it is a defense for the carrier if the carrier timely complies with the IRO decision.

Based on review of the disputed issues within the request, the Medical Review Division has determined that **medical necessity was the only issue** to be resolved. The neurological consultation, EMG/NCV, H-reflex or F-reflex study, office consultation, needle EMG and sensory nerve conduction study were found to be medically necessary. The respondent raised no other reasons for denying reimbursement for the above listed services.

On this basis, and pursuant to §§402.042, 413.016, 413.031, and 413.019 of the Act, the Medical Review Division hereby ORDERS the respondent to pay the unpaid medical fees in accordance with the fair and reasonable rate as set forth in Commission Rule 133.1(a)(8) plus all accrued interest due at the time of payment to the requestor within 20 days of receipt of this order. This Order is applicable to date of service 04/08/03 in this dispute.

The respondent is prohibited from asserting additional denial reasons relative to this Decision upon issuing payment to the requestor in accordance with this Order (Rule 133.307(j)(2)).

This Order is hereby issued this 23rd day of January 2004.

Patricia Rodriguez Medical Dispute Resolution Officer Medical Review Division PR/pr

NOTICE OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW DECISION

Date: January 16, 2004

RE: MDR Tracking #: M5-04-0559-01

IRO Certificate #: 5242

___ has been certified by the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) as an independent review organization (IRO). The Texas Workers' Compensation Commission (TWCC) has assigned the above referenced case to ___ for independent review in accordance with TWCC Rule §133.308 which allows for medical dispute resolution by an IRO.

has performed an independent review of the proposed care to determine if the adverse determination was appropriate. In performing this review, relevant medical records, any documents utilized by the parties referenced above in making the adverse determination and any documentation and written information submitted in support of the appeal was reviewed.

The independent review was performed by a Neurologist reviewer (who is board certified in Neurology) who has an ADL certification. The reviewer has signed a certification statement stating that no known conflicts of interest exist between him or her and any of the treating physicians or providers or any of the physicians or providers who reviewed the case for a determination prior to the referral to for independent review. In addition, the reviewer has certified that the review was performed without bias for or against any party to this case.

Clinical History

According to the documentation submitted, the injury occurred on ____ when the claimant was struck on the left shoulder by a pipe and was forced into a lumbar extension posture. The claimant complained of left shoulder pain and low back pain.

Requested Service(s)

Neurological consultation, EMG/NCV, H-reflex or F-reflex Study, office consultation, needle EMG and sensory nerve conduction study.

Decision

I disagree with the insurance carrier and find the services in dispute to be medically necessary.

Rationale/Basis for Decision

Appropriate neurological examination is important for arriving at a clinical diagnosis. Electrodiagnostic studies are extension of physical examination and the various studies performed including motor and sensory nerve conduction study, H-reflex, F-reflex, and the needle examination are helpful for confirming the presence of lumbosacral radiculitis or ruling out other contributing causes like generalized polyneuropathy or myopathy contributing towards the patient's symptomatology. Thus the services rendered were appropriate for this patient.